

Registered Voter Omnibus

RV Omni 2025 September B - Vera Toplines



Sample Online sample of 1,045 voters fielded from September 25 to September 26, 2025.
 Margin of Error ±3.6%

1. What do you think are the most important issues facing this country today? Please select up to five.

Jobs and the economy	43%
Taxes	18%
Foreign policy	9%
Health care policy, including Medicare and Medicaid	38%
Abortion rights	19%
Social Security	21%
Gun violence	33%
Second Amendment rights	9%
Climate change and the environment	19%
Criminal justice reform	9%
Housing and homelessness	24%
Infrastructure and transportation	5%
Immigration	38%
Education	17%
Racism and race relations	17%
LGBTQ rights	8%
Fentanyl and opioids	15%
Inflation	40%
Voting rights	16%
Crime	30%
Other	7%
N	1,045

2. President Trump has deployed the National Guard and federal troops into several U.S. cities under the stated purpose of crime control. What do you believe his motivations are for using federal law enforcement in this way?

To increase public safety	36%
To increase public safety but also for political theater	15%
For political theater	43%
Not sure	6%
Totals	100%
N	1,045

3. Which party do you trust more when it comes to the issue of crime?

Republicans	41%
Democrats	29%

Both parties about equally	5%
Neither party	20%
Not sure	5%
Totals	100%
N	1,045

4. In the past month, two high-profile murders were heavily covered in the news: the unprovoked stabbing of a woman, Iryna Zarutka, on a commuter train in Charlotte, NC, and the assassination of Charlie Kirk, a conservative activist, during an event on a Utah college campus. How have these two incidents impacted your views on politicians and crime?

It has made me trust tough-on-crime and law-and-order politicians more	30%
It has made me trust tough-on-crime and law-and-order politicians less	26%
No impact either way	39%
Have not followed the news about this	5%
Totals	100%
N	1,045

5. Even if it isn't exactly right, which of the following is closer to your view?

Incidents like these are tragedies, but realistically, they don't change my day to day concern about crime very much	34%
Incidents like these are more evidence that crime is out of control in this country, and they make me more concerned about crime	51%
Neither of these	11%
Not sure	5%
Totals	101%
N	1,045

6. Which political party bears more responsibility for the heightened rhetoric and tensions around crime in the U.S.?

Republicans	42%
Democrats	34%
Neither	3%
Both	16%
Don't know	5%
Totals	100%
N	1,045

7. Of the following elected officials, who do you trust most to address local issues of crime and public safety?

Governor	23%
Mayor	22%
President	19%
Your member of Congress	4%
None of the above	21%
Not sure	11%
Totals	100%
N	1,045

8. Even if it isn't exactly right, which of the following is closer to your view?

Crime is out of control in many of our cities and people live in fear of shootings, assaults, and migrant crime. We need to restore law and order. Deploying the National Guard will drive down crime, clean up the blight, and make our streets safe and livable again for residents	39%
Everyone deserves to feel safe, but deploying the National Guard under the guise of "crime control" is political theater—and not about public safety. The best way to prevent crime and break its cycle is to support local police to focus on serious crime, invest in gun violence prevention, and expand proven solutions to address homelessness, mental health, and addiction ...	51%
Neither of these statements align with my view of the National Guard	5%
Not sure	4%
Totals	99%
N	1,045

9. Next, imagine a situation where National Guard troops were deployed to your city or town. Imagine that your local elected official made a statement in response to this deployment. Which of the following statements would you MOST want your local elected official to make?

Crime is too high in our city and we need federal help to restore law and order. I welcome the National Guard and federal troops on our streets to tackle crime and address disorder. People need to know they have to follow the law or there will be consequences. We're letting criminals know their time is up	44%
We all deserve to be safe, but deploying the National Guard under the guise of "crime control" is political theater—not about public safety. I welcome funding and collaboration from the federal government, not extreme measures like a military takeover of our streets. Both police and the community have a critical role to play in public safety and I will support our local police to solve serious crime and increase access to good schools, treatment, affordable housing, and job opportunities to improve everyone's quality of life	56%
Totals	100%
N	1,045

10. Do you [support or oppose] the National Guard and federal troops being deployed to American cities?

Support	42%
Oppose	47%
Not sure	11%
Totals	100%
N	1,045

11. Do you [support or oppose] the National Guard and federal troops being deployed to your city or town?

Support	41%
Oppose	49%
Not sure	11%
Totals	101%
N	1,045

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This survey is based on 1,045 interviews conducted by YouGov on the internet of registered voters. The sample was weighted according to gender, age, race/ethnicity, education, and U.S. Census region based on voter registration lists, the U.S. Census American Community Survey, and the U.S. Census Current Population Survey, as well as 2020 Presidential vote and approximate 2024 Presidential vote based on available results. Respondents were selected from YouGov to be representative of registered voters. The weights range from 0.17 to 6.01 with a mean of 1 and a standard deviation of 0.64.

The margin of error (a 95% confidence interval) for a sample percentage p based upon the subsetting sample is approximately 3.6%. It is calculated using the formula:

$$\hat{p} \pm 100 \times \sqrt{\frac{1 + CV^2}{n}}$$

where CV is the coefficient of variation of the sample weights and n is the sample size used to compute the proportion. This is a measure of sampling error (the average of all estimates obtained using the same sample selection and weighting procedures repeatedly). The sample estimate should differ from its expected value by less than margin of error in 95 percent of all samples. It does not reflect non-sampling errors, including potential selection bias in panel participation or in response to a particular survey.